DIRECTIONS: Write in exponential form.

1. 
$$\sqrt{a^{-2}b^{3}}$$
  
 $\frac{b^{3/2}}{a}$ 
2.  $\sqrt[3]{x^{6}y^{-4}}$ 
3.  $(\sqrt{a^{-2}b})^{5}$   
 $\frac{b^{5/2}}{a^{5}}$ 
4.  $\sqrt[3]{8b^{6}c^{-4}}$   
 $\frac{2b^{2}}{c^{4/3}}$ 
5.  $\sqrt[4]{\frac{(16^{3})(a^{-2})}{b^{6}}}$ 
6.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{p^{4}q^{-8}}}$   
 $\frac{q^{2}}{p}$ 

DIRECTIONS: Express in simplest radical form. In #8-12, you must make the bases be the same.

**7.**  $(\sqrt{8})(\sqrt[6]{8})$ 9.  $\frac{\sqrt[5]{27^3}}{\sqrt[5]{9^2}}$ 8.  $\frac{\sqrt[3]{4}}{\sqrt[6]{2}}$  $\sqrt{2}$ 3 **10.**  $\sqrt[6]{8^3} \div \sqrt[6]{4^2}$ **12.**  $\sqrt[4]{128} \cdot \sqrt[8]{256}$ **11.**  $\sqrt[4]{27} \bullet \sqrt[8]{9}$ √32  $4\sqrt[4]{8}$ If you have  $2^{5/6}$ , If you have  $2^{11/4}$ , it  $= 2^{8/4} * 2^{3/4}$ 2 doesn't have a 6<sup>th</sup> root, so take care of  $2^5 = 32$ .

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Simplify each expression. Give answers in exponential form.

**13.** 
$$\sqrt[3]{a^2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{a^4}$$
  
 $a^2$ 
**14.**  $\sqrt[4]{x} \cdot \sqrt[6]{x} \div \sqrt[3]{x}$   
 $x^{1/12}$ 
**15.**  $((b^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{-2}{3}})^{\frac{3}{4}}$   
 $1^{\frac{1}{b^{1/4}}}$ 
**16.**  $a^{\frac{1}{2}}(a^{\frac{3}{2}}-2a^{\frac{1}{2}})$   
 $a^2-2a$